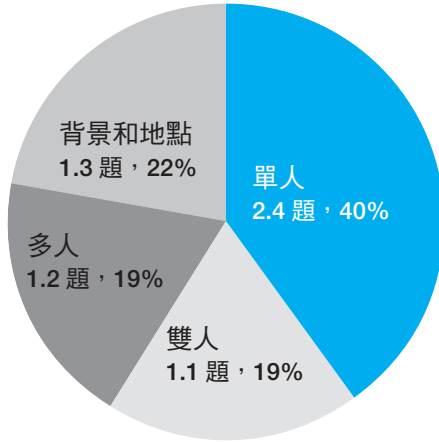


# 高分答題策略

## PART 1 照片描述



PART 1 照片題型

### 答案的描述方式

眼見為憑，千萬別任意推測答案。

- 1 針對全體描述 > 針對細節描述
- 2 事實描述 > 抽象描述
- 3 客觀描述 > 主觀描述

正確答案會針對**事實**或**全體動作**進行描述，不太會描寫抽象概念或著重在某個細節上。請以照片所看到的東西為依據，千萬不能自行推測。

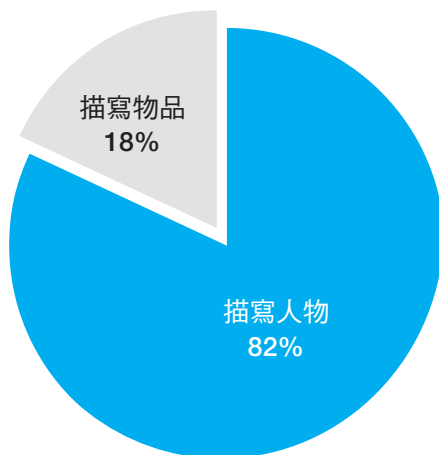
### 基本解題策略

**STEP 1 確認照片**——在選項內容播出前，請務必緊盯著照片。

**STEP 2 聽寫重點**——聆聽選項內容時，請快速寫下一至兩個關鍵字。

**STEP 3 刪去法**——聽到照片中未呈現的單字（動詞或名詞）時，請馬上刪去該選項。

**STEP 4 確認答案**——請先刪去錯誤選項，再從剩下的選項中挑出正確答案。



人物照片答案分布

### 破解新制考題

- 1 即使選項敘述與照片中的動作相符，也請務必確認敘述句末的名詞是否正確。
- 2 部分選項雖然以進行被動式 being p.p. 描述，仍適用於無人照片。
- 3 請務必多熟悉針對物品和自然現象的描述方式。

人物照片的答案中，有 18% 的機率為針對物品的描述。

而描寫人物的照片中，出題比例為單人照片 67%、雙人照片 23%、以及多人照片 10%。

## PART 2 應答問題

基本上，PART 2 問句和答句的類型僅分為 15 大類。

PART 2 基本題型		錯誤選項的形式
Wh- 問句	① Who 問句	① 不能以 Yes 或 No 回答 ② 適用其他疑問詞的答案 ③ 主詞有誤 ④ 故意使用相似、相同或相關單字誘答 ⑤ 時態有誤
	② Where 問句	
	③ When 問句	
	④ Why 問句	
	⑤ How 問句	
	⑥ What/Which 問句	
一般助動詞疑問句	⑦ 間接問句	
	⑧ 助動詞疑問句	
	⑨ 選擇疑問句	
	⑩ 表示勸說、建議、要求的問句	
	⑪ 附加問句、否定疑問句	
直述句	⑫ 直述句	
非正面回答	⑬ I don't know	
	⑭ 反問	
	⑮ 間接回答	

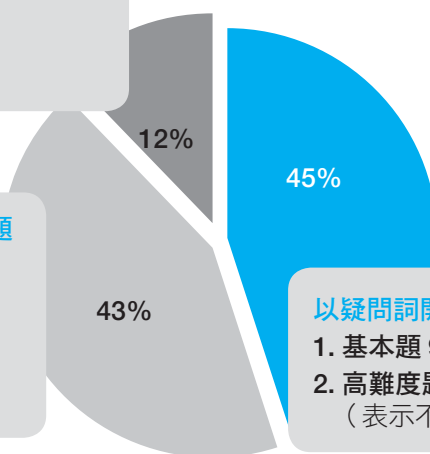
### 各題型出題率分析

#### 直述句：3.1 題

1. 描述問題狀況 ▶ 提出對策或表示認同
2. 提議 ▶ 拒絕或同意
3. 描述事實或情況 ▶ 附和
4. 提問 ▶ Yes 或 No

#### 不以疑問詞開頭的問句：10.7 題

1. 基本題 4-5 題  
(以 Yes 或 No 回答 + ……)
2. 高難度題 5 題  
(回答省略 Yes 或 No / 間接回答 / 表示不知道)



#### 以疑問詞開頭的問句：11.1 題

1. 基本題 9 題
2. 高難度題 4 題  
(表示不知道 / 間接回答 / 反問)

## PART 3 簡短對話

### PART 3 不變的原則

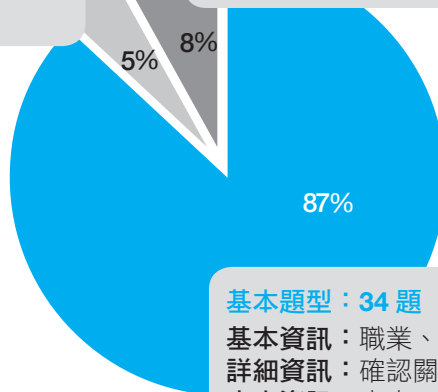
- 1 按對話先後次序提及答案內容。
- 2 題目皆有固定的提問方式。
- 3 對話中會詳細說明事實或情況，而答案則會採較為籠統的回答方式。
- 4 題目若針對 Man (男子) 詢問時，答案會出現在男子所說的話當中。

#### 說話者的意圖題：2 題

1. Why ... say "..." ?
2. What ... mean/imply when she/he says "..." ?

#### 圖表整合題：3 題

1. 行程安排：活動、表演、交通、天氣等
2. 地圖：道路圖、平面圖、路線圖
3. 圖形圖：圓餅圖、直條圖
4. 其他：優惠券、評論、收據等



#### 基本題型：34 題

- 基本資訊：職業、行業類別、對話地點、主旨  
詳細資訊：確認關鍵字的考題  
未來資訊：未來、要求或請求、勸說或建議

### 說話者意圖題的解題策略

- 1 刪去與該句話字面上意思相同的選項。
- 2 答案會採較為籠統的回答方式來說明情況。
- 3 確認該句話前後連接的轉折詞。

### 圖表整合題的解題策略

- 1 若對話中直接說出選項內容，該選項就不是答案。
- 2 確認行程表中是否有更動或取消的部分。
- 3 若圖表為地圖，答題關鍵為表示地點的介系詞。
- 4 若圖表為圖形圖，答案會出現在提到排名、最高級或數量之處。
- 5 若圖表為說明手冊、優惠券或收據，不符合圖表資訊的內容通常就是答案。

## 破解高難度題型

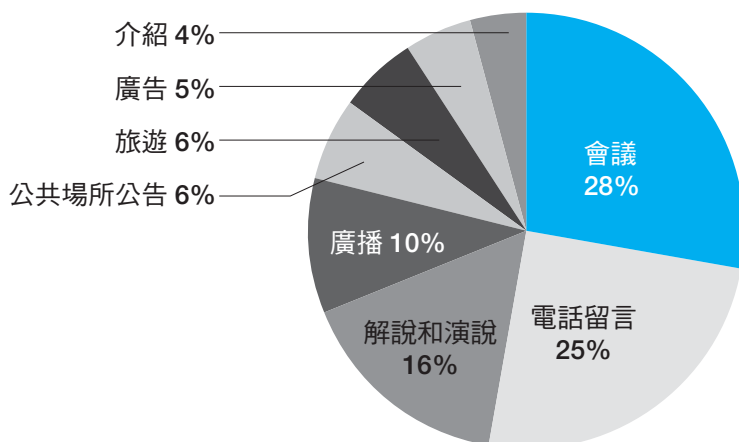
- 1 若前兩題詢問的是主旨、地點、職業或目的，答案可能會同時出現在**開頭前兩句話**當中。
- 2 若三道題皆屬於詢問主旨、職業或問題所在之處的考題，答案可能會同時出現在**某一段落**中。
- 3 「I'll ...」開頭的句子指的是建議；「You'll ...」開頭的句子指的是要求。
- 4 先提到答案後，才提到關鍵字。
- 5 若題目詢問有關未來的內容，答案會出現在**對方**所說的話當中。
- 6 若有兩個選項皆出現兩個以上所聽到的單字時，請確認選項當中是否有出現對話未提及的單字，並刪去該選項，選擇另一個選項作為答案。
- 7 however、but、by the way、unfortunately 後方會出現答題的關鍵線索。
- 8 若題目詢問往後將發生的事情，答案為「I'll ...」或「Let's ...」後方連接的第一個動詞。
- 9 若題目出現被動語態，請注意聆聽表示**勸說**、**建議**的句子。
- 10 對話末出現 Let's / next / from now 等用法時，表示說明**未來**的行動。

## PART 4 簡短獨白

### PART 4 不變的原則

- 1 按獨白先後次序提及答案內容。
- 2 題目皆有固定的提問方式。
- 3 獨白中會詳細說明事實或情況，而答案則會採較為籠統的回答方式。
- 4 獨白的敘述方式有固定的模式。

新制測驗中，最常出現的獨白（talk）類型為**會議**、**解說**、**演說**和**電話留言**，因此請務必熟悉獨白的敘述方式。



5.



6.



GO ON TO THE NEXT PAGE



**PART 3** 

**Directions:** You will hear some conversations between two or more people. You will be asked to answer three questions about what the speakers say in each conversation. Select the best response to each question and mark the letter (A), (B), (C), or (D) on your answer sheet. The conversations will not be printed in your test book and will be spoken only one time.

TEST

1

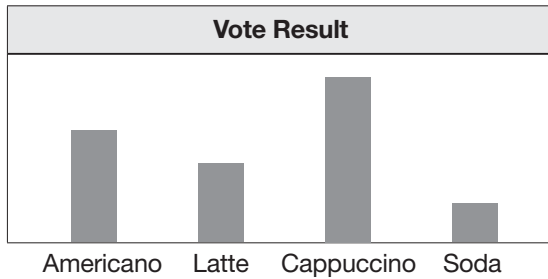
PART  
2

PART  
3

- 32.** What problem is the woman having?  
(A) She doesn't know where the hotel is.  
(B) She doesn't know the reservation number.  
(C) She is late for the meeting.  
(D) She wants to make a reservation for a meeting room.
- 33.** What does the man imply when he says, "My shift just started"?  
(A) He is a new employee.  
(B) He cannot answer her question.  
(C) He lacks experience.  
(D) He could not find any reservation.
- 34.** What is the woman asked to do?  
(A) Call a supervisor  
(B) Come back later  
(C) Stay in the hotel  
(D) Check the reservation record
- 35.** How did the man hear about the hotel?  
(A) From an online advertisement  
(B) From a coworker  
(C) From a newspaper article  
(D) From a media commercial
- 36.** According to the woman, how is the hotel different from its competitors?  
(A) It offers a high-quality service.  
(B) It has a great reputation.  
(C) It has proximity to local attractions.  
(D) It has many locations.
- 37.** What will the man do in London?  
(A) Go sightseeing  
(B) Watch movies  
(C) Visit an exhibition  
(D) Work in city renovation
- 


GO ON TO THE NEXT PAGE





65. Look at the graphic. Which beverage will be discounted this week?
- (A) Americano  
(B) Latte  
(C) Cappuccino  
(D) Soda
66. What does the man thank Jason for?
- (A) Developing a new beverage  
(B) Organizing a chart  
(C) Sharing helpful information  
(D) Suggesting a sales promotion
67. What does the woman remind the man to do?
- (A) Talk to other colleagues  
(B) Join the project  
(C) Ask for advice  
(D) Make some suggestions

**Name:** Derek Moreno  
**Office ID:** 124034



**Department Code:** 3111  
**Office number:** 422  
**Phone number:** 243-8876

68. Where is the conversation most likely taking place?
- (A) At the security office  
(B) At the maintenance department  
(C) At the training center  
(D) At the human resources department
69. Look at the graphic. What employee information does the man say is incorrect?
- (A) 124034  
(B) 3111  
(C) 422  
(D) 243-8876
70. What does the woman ask the man to do?
- (A) Leave a message  
(B) Change a badge  
(C) Present an employee ID  
(D) Return the call

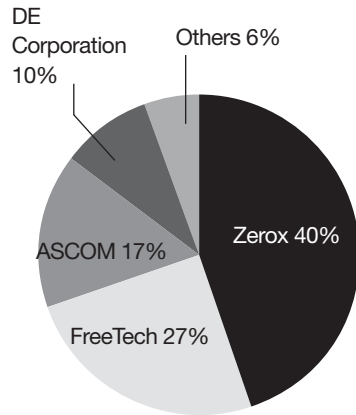
TEST

1

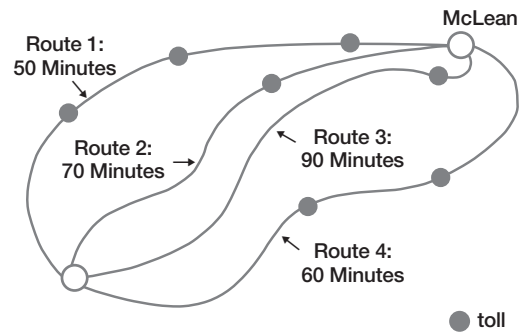
PART  
3

GO ON TO THE NEXT PAGE





**Market Share**



95. What does the speaker point out on the report?
- (A) A team has been nominated for a monthly award.
  - (B) Sales are higher than expected.
  - (C) A new executive has been hired.
  - (D) A business will be merged.
96. Why is the speaker concerned?
- (A) The company seems to have lost its competitive edge.
  - (B) The operating costs have increased.
  - (C) The production capacity is limited.
  - (D) Numerous complaints have been received.
97. Look at the graphic. Which company may be acquired?
- (A) Zerox
  - (B) FreeTech
  - (C) ASCOM
  - (D) DE Corporation

98. According to the speaker, what type of event is being held?
- (A) An international fashion show
  - (B) An annual picnic
  - (C) An industrial conference
  - (D) A job fair
99. Look at the graphic. Which route does the speaker recommend taking?
- (A) Route 1
  - (B) Route 2
  - (C) Route 3
  - (D) Route 4
100. What is the listener asked to do?
- (A) Reschedule an appointment
  - (B) Confirm a reservation
  - (C) Check a timetable
  - (D) Sign up for an event

This is the end of the Listening test. Turn to Part 5 in your test book.



Questions 139-142 refer to the following e-mail.

E-MAIL

< > [Search]

To	All residents
From	Elena Fisher
Subject	City Library Meeting Room Policy and Regulations
Date	10 June

Dear residents:

This letter outlines the criteria for the use of our meeting rooms. Priority for the use of library meeting rooms is given to library and library-partnered meetings, programs, or events. — 139 —, in order to address community needs, we welcome the use of its meeting rooms by community, cultural, educational, and commercial groups. Groups or individuals wishing to book any meeting room may do so at the library during regular business hours. A rental agreement must be completed and signed by an individual or authorized representative of the organization booking the room.

Chairs and tables, a sink and counter, and access to public washrooms are provided. Access to a screen and data projector can be provided upon request. Remember, if you feel uncomfortable with setting up the technology in a room, contact the library service desk. — 140 —. The meeting rooms must be left in the same condition as they were prior to use. Chairs and tables must be stacked and stored. Surfaces and floors must be clean and free of debris. Also, please do not remain in a meeting room beyond your — 141 — time. Since it is fully booked all year round, please be aware that — 142 — will be waiting to use the room.

Thank you in advance for your cooperation.

Sincerely,

*Elena Fisher*

139. (A) However (B) Therefore (C) Whereas (D) So that
140. (A) Access to library data can be approved within five business days of your request. (B) Only groups larger than twelve will be eligible for meeting rooms. (C) One of our technicians will be on-site for you prior to your meeting. (D) Ms. Fisher is able to make an exception in such cases.
141. (A) allotted (B) allotting (C) allotment (D) allot
142. (A) it (B) some (C) there (D) others

Questions 143-146 refer to the following article.

A spokesperson for NYC University — **143**— that Shepherd Nolan, a local entrepreneur, made a sizeable donation toward the expansion of the Fairland campus. “Without his generous support,” said Stacy Mckinney, director of facility management, “our school would have been limited in our renovation plans going forward.”

— **144**— . Now, a couple of new wings will be constructed on the south end of the — **145**— main campus building, as well as on the northeast corner of Lloyd Research Center. Additionally, a new fitness center will be located — **146**— the current student lounge. During the construction period, the closest entrance to the west side of the main campus building will be at the north end of the West Wing. These changes will be in effect for the duration of the construction period for the fitness center, which is scheduled to continue until the winter of next year.

- 143.** (A) will confirm  
(B) confirmation  
(C) will be confirming  
(D) has confirmed
- 144.** (A) Ms. Mckinney's performance at Lloyd Research Center was outstanding.  
(B) The renovation plan had been delayed because of budget cuts.  
(C) The number of research projects has decreased over the past ten years.  
(D) The original fitness center is being converted into the on-site laboratory for students.
- 145.** (A) temporary  
(B) existing  
(C) located  
(D) proposed
- 146.** (A) adjacent to  
(B) although  
(C) instead of  
(D) besides

TEST

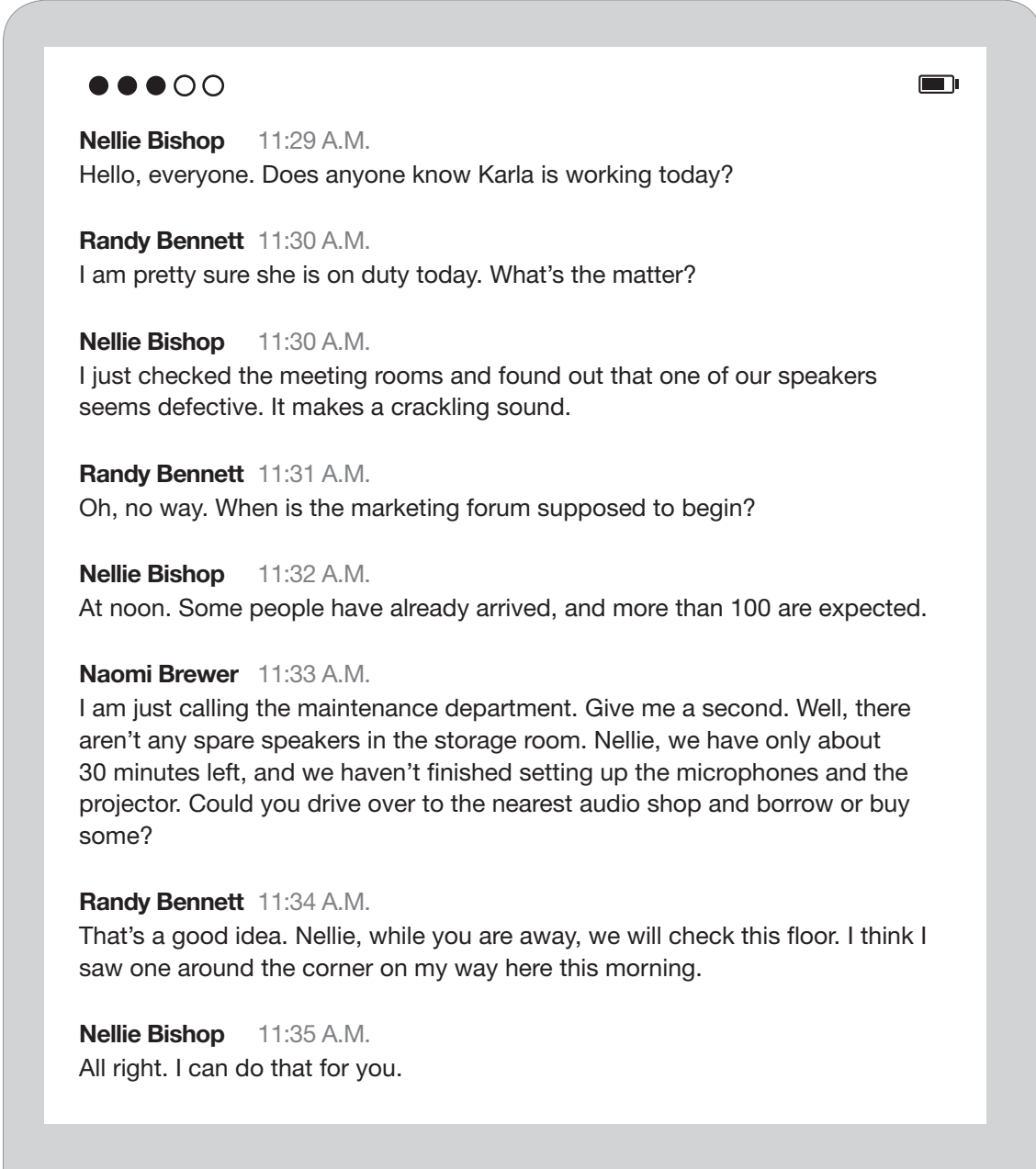
1

PART  
6

GO ON TO THE NEXT PAGE



Questions 156-159 refer to the following text message chain.

A screenshot of a text message conversation on a mobile device. At the top left, there are five circular status indicators: three filled and two empty. At the top right, there is a battery level icon. The messages are as follows:

**Nellie Bishop** 11:29 A.M.  
Hello, everyone. Does anyone know Karla is working today?

**Randy Bennett** 11:30 A.M.  
I am pretty sure she is on duty today. What's the matter?

**Nellie Bishop** 11:30 A.M.  
I just checked the meeting rooms and found out that one of our speakers seems defective. It makes a crackling sound.

**Randy Bennett** 11:31 A.M.  
Oh, no way. When is the marketing forum supposed to begin?

**Nellie Bishop** 11:32 A.M.  
At noon. Some people have already arrived, and more than 100 are expected.

**Naomi Brewer** 11:33 A.M.  
I am just calling the maintenance department. Give me a second. Well, there aren't any spare speakers in the storage room. Nellie, we have only about 30 minutes left, and we haven't finished setting up the microphones and the projector. Could you drive over to the nearest audio shop and borrow or buy some?

**Randy Bennett** 11:34 A.M.  
That's a good idea. Nellie, while you are away, we will check this floor. I think I saw one around the corner on my way here this morning.

**Nellie Bishop** 11:35 A.M.  
All right. I can do that for you.

---

**TEST**

**解析**

---



## 解答 TEST 1

1. (B)	2. (D)	3. (D)	4. (A)	5. (A)	6. (B)	7. (A)	8. (A)	9. (A)	10. (A)
11. (B)	12. (B)	13. (C)	14. (B)	15. (C)	16. (B)	17. (C)	18. (C)	19. (C)	20. (A)
21. (B)	22. (B)	23. (B)	24. (B)	25. (A)	26. (B)	27. (B)	28. (A)	29. (B)	30. (C)
31. (C)	32. (B)	33. (B)	34. (C)	35. (D)	36. (C)	37. (A)	38. (B)	39. (C)	40. (C)
41. (C)	42. (D)	43. (A)	44. (B)	45. (D)	46. (A)	47. (C)	48. (C)	49. (B)	50. (A)
51. (C)	52. (A)	53. (C)	54. (A)	55. (D)	56. (C)	57. (C)	58. (A)	59. (B)	60. (D)
61. (C)	62. (B)	63. (D)	64. (A)	65. (D)	66. (D)	67. (C)	68. (A)	69. (C)	70. (C)
71. (B)	72. (B)	73. (B)	74. (D)	75. (A)	76. (D)	77. (C)	78. (A)	79. (B)	80. (C)
81. (B)	82. (C)	83. (B)	84. (D)	85. (C)	86. (C)	87. (C)	88. (A)	89. (A)	90. (A)
91. (B)	92. (D)	93. (B)	94. (B)	95. (B)	96. (C)	97. (D)	98. (C)	99. (B)	100. (C)
101. (B)	102. (A)	103. (C)	104. (A)	105. (A)	106. (D)	107. (B)	108. (A)	109. (D)	110. (D)
111. (D)	112. (D)	113. (C)	114. (B)	115. (B)	116. (A)	117. (D)	118. (A)	119. (D)	120. (A)
121. (A)	122. (B)	123. (A)	124. (D)	125. (D)	126. (A)	127. (C)	128. (B)	129. (D)	130. (C)
131. (A)	132. (D)	133. (C)	134. (C)	135. (A)	136. (B)	137. (D)	138. (C)	139. (A)	140. (C)
141. (A)	142. (D)	143. (D)	144. (B)	145. (B)	146. (A)	147. (B)	148. (C)	149. (C)	150. (A)
151. (B)	152. (B)	153. (B)	154. (C)	155. (A)	156. (C)	157. (B)	158. (D)	159. (D)	160. (D)
161. (A)	162. (C)	163. (C)	164. (B)	165. (D)	166. (C)	167. (B)	168. (C)	169. (B)	170. (C)
171. (B)	172. (A)	173. (C)	174. (D)	175. (C)	176. (B)	177. (C)	178. (B)	179. (C)	180. (B)
181. (C)	182. (D)	183. (D)	184. (C)	185. (B)	186. (C)	187. (C)	188. (D)	189. (C)	190. (C)
191. (B)	192. (C)	193. (B)	194. (C)	195. (D)	196. (C)	197. (C)	198. (B)	199. (D)	200. (B)

## PART 1

### 1



- (A) A woman is stocking some sandwiches. (A) 女子正將三明治補貨上架。
- (B) A woman is shopping for some merchandise. (B) 女子正在購物。
- (C) A woman is labeling each item. (C) 女子正為每件物品逐一貼上標籤。
- (D) A woman is trying to tie her hair. (D) 女子正試著紮起頭髮。

**字彙** stock 為……備貨 merchandise 商品 tie 紮

#### 01 答案會採較為籠統的描述方式。

PART 1 中，答案會使用涵蓋範圍較廣的單字，不會使用過於明確、單指某項物品的單字。

#### STEP 1 照片分析

- ① 單人照片                      ② 看著商品  
③ 商品陳列在架上

#### STEP 2 聽到照片中未呈現的單字時，請立即刪去該選項。

- (A) A woman is **stocking** some sandwiches.  
▶ 女子並未做將三明治上架的動作。
- (B) A woman is shopping for some merchandise.** ▶ **答案**
- (C) A woman is **labeling** each item.  
▶ 女子並未做貼標籤的動作。
- (D) A woman is **trying to tie** her hair.  
▶ 女子並未做綁頭髮的動作。

#### STEP 3 較為籠統的描述 POINT

1. 使用涵蓋範圍較廣的名詞選項通常會是答案，並不會使用較為明確、單指某樣東西的名詞。

限定某樣東西的單字	涵蓋範圍較廣的單字
copy machine / copier 複印機／影印機	equipment / machine 設備／機器
tomato 番茄 vegetables 蔬菜 necklace 項鍊	merchandise / items 商品／項目 goods / produce 商品／農產品 jewelry 珠寶
map 地圖 magazine 雜誌 notepad 記事本	document / paper 文件／紙
bulldozer 推土機 forklift 堆高機	heavy machine 重型機械

**STEP 3** 答案為 **being p.p.** 的情況，與照片中的人物無關。

(1) 物品陳列的狀態、或出現在背景中：

display (陳列)、decorate (裝飾)、exhibit (展示)、cast (投射)、occupy (佔據) 等動詞。

– Some shadows are being cast on a balcony.  
幾道陰影被投射在陽臺上。

(2) 物品依靠機器自動產生動作的情況：

move (移動)、transport (運送) 等動詞。

– Luggage is being moved on the conveyer belt.  
行李由傳輸帶輸送。

### 3



- (A) Some flowers are being planted. (A) 花叢正被栽植而下。  
(B) Some trees are being trimmed. (B) 樹木正進行修整。  
(C) A path is being resurfaced. (C) 小徑正被重新鋪設。  
(D) A wheelbarrow is being pushed. (D) 手推車正被推著走。

**字彙** plant 栽種 trim 修剪 path 小徑 resurface 為……鋪設新表面  
wheelbarrow (花園中的) 手推車

**03** 照片為〈人物+事物〉時，若選項以事物作為主詞，後方通常會使用 **be being p.p.**。

「事物主詞 + be being p.p.」= 「人物正在對事物做某個動作」

**STEP 1** 照片分析

- ① 照片為〈人+物〉      ② 男子推著手推車  
③ 花為綻放的狀態      ④ 照片中有樹木

**STEP 2** 聽到照片中未呈現的單字時，請立即刪去該選項。

(A) Some flowers are ~~being planted~~.

▶ 照片中沒有人種花。

(B) Some trees are ~~being trimmed~~.

▶ 照片中沒有人修剪樹枝。

(C) A path is ~~being resurfaced~~.

▶ 照片中沒有人鋪路。

(D) **A wheelbarrow is being pushed.** ▶ **答案**