# Before You Bend



### **Robin Hood**

My real name is Robert of Lockesley, but I changed it to Robin Hood when I joined the Merry Men. The Sheriff<sup>1</sup> of Nottingham is my enemy<sup>2</sup>. He threw my father in jail, and his friend made me an outlaw<sup>3</sup>. Now

I live deep in Sherwood forest and lead a band<sup>4</sup> of outlaws called the Merry<sup>5</sup> Men. I'm a thief, but I'm not bad. I steal from the rich and give to the poor.

- 1. sheriff ['Jerɪf] (n.) 警長
- 3. outlaw [`autlo:] (n.) 不法之徒
- 5. merry [`meri] (a.) 快樂的

- 2. enemy ['enəmi] (n.) 敵人
- 4. band [bænd] (n.) 一幫;一群



# Little John

I'm the most loyal<sup>1</sup> of all of Robin Hood's Merry Men. My name is Little John, but I'm taller and bigger than everyone else. And I love to fight. I can fight with a staff<sup>2</sup> or a sword, and no one can beat<sup>3</sup> me! I'll do anything to help Robin fight against<sup>4</sup> the Sheriff.

- 1. loyal [`loɪəl] (a.) 忠誠的
- 3. beat [bi:t] (v.) 打敗
- 2. staff [stæf] (n.) 棍棒
- 4. fight against 對抗



# Will Stutely

I'm another one of Robin Hood's Merry Men. I'm excellent<sup>1</sup> with a bow<sup>2</sup>, but Robin Hood beat me in a contest<sup>3</sup> at the Nottingham Fair. But I don't mind<sup>4</sup> because Robin Hood is my leader, and he treats<sup>5</sup> us all very well.

- 1. excellent ['eksələnt] (a.) 優秀的
- 2. bow [bau] (n.) 弓
- 3. contest ['ka:ntest] (n.) 比賽
- 4. mind [maind] (v.) 介意

5. **treat** [tri:t] (v.) 對待

# The Sheriff of Nottingham

I'm a sheriff, so I had to put some people in prison. One of those people was Robin Hood's father. Now Robin Hood won't stop bothering me. He robs my people and kills the King's deer 3. I'll keep trying to catch him!

- 1. bother [`ba:ðər] (v.) 困擾
- 2. **rob** [ra:b] (v.) 搶劫

3. deer [dɪr] (n.) 鹿

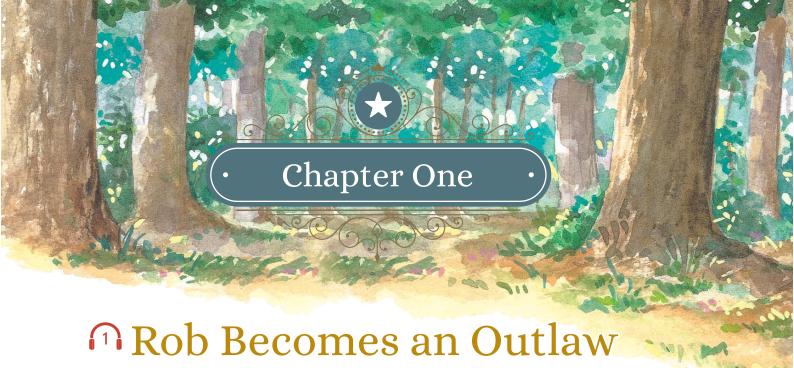
4. keep-Ving 繼續……

## **Maid Marian**

I'm the daughter of Sir<sup>1</sup> Richard of Lea. My father lost<sup>2</sup> all his money, and I lost my childhood<sup>3</sup> friend Rob of Lockesley. But I have a feeling<sup>4</sup> that things will get better<sup>5</sup>. I saw Rob at

the fair, and he gave me a golden arrow. I wonder how he feels about me.

- 1. sir [sa:r] (n.) 公爵
- 3. childhood [`t∫aɪldhud] (n.) 童年
- 2. lose [lu:z] (v.) 失去
- 4. feeling [`fi:lɪŋ] (n.) 感受



In the days of good King Harry the Second of England, there were certain<sup>1</sup> forests<sup>2</sup> in the north country<sup>3</sup> used by the King to hunt. These forests were cared for<sup>4</sup> and guarded<sup>5</sup> by the King's Foresters<sup>6</sup>.

One of these royal<sup>7</sup> forests was Sherwood, near the town of Nottingham. In this forest lived Hugh Fitzooth, Sherwood's head forester. He lived there with his wife and son Robert. The boy had been born in Lockesley town, so he was called<sup>8</sup> Rob of Lockesley.

- 1. certain [`sɜ:rtən] (a.) 一些
- 2. **forest** [`fo:rɪst] (n.) 森林
- 3. **country** [`kʌntri] (n.) 國家;鄉鎮
- 4. care for 照料

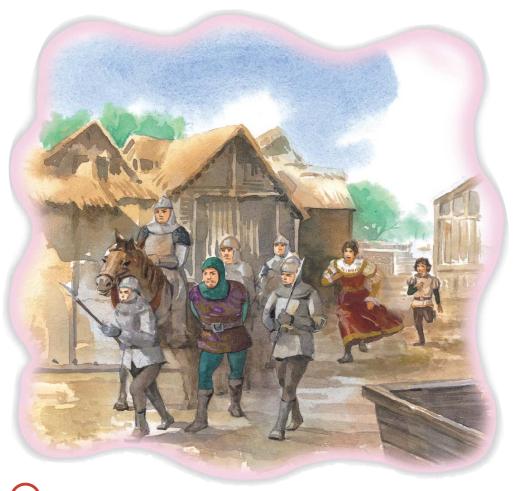
- 5. **guard** [gɑ:rd] (v.) 保護
- 6. **forester** [`fɑ:rəstər] (n.) 林務官
- 7. royal [`rɔɪəl] (a.) 皇室的
- 8. be called 被命名為





He was a handsome and strong boy. As soon as he could walk, he delighted in <sup>9</sup> going into the forest with his father. From his father, he learned to use the longbow <sup>10</sup>. His loving mother, who was from a noble <sup>11</sup> family, taught him to read and write. Rob learned these lessons well, but he was happiest walking in the forest with his bow in hand.

- 9. delight in 享受於
- 10. longbow [`lɒ:ŋbou] (n.) 長弓
- 11. **noble** [`noubəl] (a.) 貴族的



2

Rob's happiness soon ended because his father had enemies <sup>1</sup>. One of these enemies was the Sheriff of Nottingham.

One day, the Sheriff convinced<sup>2</sup> King Harry that Rob's father had criticized<sup>3</sup> the King in public<sup>4</sup>. Hugh was arrested<sup>5</sup> for treason<sup>6</sup> and sent to jail<sup>7</sup>.

- 1. **enemy** [`enəmi] (n.) 敵人
- 2. **convince** [kən`vɪns] (v.) 說服
- 3. criticize [`krɪtɪsaɪz] (v.) 批評
- 4. in public 公然地

- 5. arrest [ə`rest] (v.) 逮捕
- 6. **treason** [`tri:zən] (n.) 叛國;謀反
- 7. **jail** [dʒeɪl] (n.) 監獄



Rob and his mother were kicked out of<sup>8</sup> their house. Rob's mother died of shock<sup>9</sup>, and Rob went to live with his uncle, Sir Gamwell. Soon after<sup>10</sup>, Rob got the news that his father had died in prison<sup>11</sup>.

Sir Gamwell was a kind man who gladly took care of Rob. Many years later, he said, "Rob, there is a chance for you to use that bow for a good purpose <sup>12</sup>. There is an archery <sup>13</sup> contest at a fair <sup>14</sup> in Nottingham. The first prize <sup>15</sup> is a golden arrow <sup>16</sup>."

- 8. kick out of 踢出; 趕出
- shock [∫α:k] (n.)
   中風;休克;驚嚇
- 10. soon after 不久後
- 11.prison [`prɪzən] (n.) 監獄
- 12. purpose [`ps:rpəs] (n.) 目的
- 13.archery [`ɑ:rt∫əri] (n.) 箭術
- 14. **fair** [fer] (n.) 市集;博覽會
- 15. **prize** [praɪz] (n.) 大獎
- 16.arrow [`ærou] (n.) 箭

#### One Point Lesson

 One day, the Sheriff convinced King Harry that Rob's father had criticized the King in public.

有天警長向國王告狀說,羅伯的父親公然批評國王。

**過去完成式(had + 過去分詞)**: 過去的過去, 通常與過去 簡單式搭配來表達相對時間關係。

When I came back, my friend had already left.
 當我回來時,朋友已經離開了。

3

Rob's eyes lit up<sup>1</sup>. "I would like a chance to compete<sup>2</sup>," he said. "And perhaps I could win a place as a forester even if I don't win first prize."

"Now I can see that you are more suited<sup>3</sup> to spend<sup>4</sup> your days walking under the trees," said Sir Gamwell. "Good luck to you, lad<sup>5</sup>."

The next day, Rob set off<sup>6</sup>. It was midmorning when he came across<sup>7</sup> a group of men. Immediately<sup>8</sup>, he saw the man who had replaced<sup>9</sup> his father as head forester. He was a good friend of the Sheriff of Nottingham. Rob decided not to<sup>10</sup> say anything and kept walking. But the head forester, who did not recognize<sup>11</sup> Rob, spoke up.

- 1. light up 照亮
- 2. compete [kəm`pi:t] (v.) 競爭
- 3. be suited 合適的
- 4. spend [spend] (v.) 花費
- 5. lad [læd] (n.) 小伙子;男孩
- 6. set off 出發;動身
- 7. come across 遇見

- 8. **immediately** [ɪˈmiːdiətli] (adv.) 立刻地
- 9. replace [rɪ`pleɪs] (v.) 取代
- 10. decide to 決定要
- 11. **recognize** [`rekəgnaɪz] (v.) 認出
- 12. sudden [`sʌdn] (a.) 忽然的
- 13. **rage** [reɪd3] (n.) 怒火





"Where are you going, boy, with your cheap bow and toy arrows? Do you think you have a chance at the fair? Ha ha ha!"

Rob felt a sudden <sup>12</sup> rage <sup>13</sup>. "My bow is as good as yours," he said to the head forester.

#### One Point Lesson

• It was midmorning when he came across a group of men.

就在上午時,他遇見了一群人。

It was . . . when . . . : 正是……的時候;強調當時時間。

1t was last April when I visited Paris. 就是去年四月時,我到訪巴黎。



The head forester replied, "Then show us some of your skill<sup>1</sup>, boy. I'll bet<sup>2</sup> you twenty silver coins<sup>3</sup> that you cannot hit<sup>4</sup> the mark<sup>5</sup> I choose<sup>6</sup>."

"Name<sup>7</sup> your mark," said Rob. "I accept<sup>8</sup> your challenge<sup>9</sup>."



- 1. **skill** [skɪl] (n.) 技巧
- 2. **bet** [bet] (v.) 打賭
- 3. coin [koɪn] (n.) 錢幣
- 4. hit [hɪt] (v.) 打中
- 5. mark [mɑ:rk] (n.) 目標; 靶
- 6. **choose** [t∫u:z] (v.) 選擇

- 7. **name** [neɪm] (v.)
  - 命名;指定
- 8. accept [ək`sept] (v.) 接受
- 9. **challenge** [`t∫ælɪnd3] (n.) 挑戰
- 10. point to (v.) 指向
- 11. **flash** [flæ∫] (n.) 閃光



The head forester pointed to <sup>10</sup> a group of deer far away.

Quicker than a flash<sup>11</sup>, Rob took the bow from his back and let an arrow fly.



It pierced <sup>12</sup> the heart of the leading deer. Then the head forester grew <sup>13</sup> angry and yelled, "Foolish boy! Do you know you have killed one of the King's deer? The penalty <sup>14</sup> is death <sup>15</sup>! Get out of <sup>16</sup> here, and do not show me your face again!"

Rob replied angrily, "Fine, for I have seen your face too often. You are the one who wrongly <sup>17</sup> took my father's job!"

With that 18, Rob turned and walked away.

錯誤地; 不正直地

18. with that 說完便……

<sup>12.</sup> **pierce** [pɪrs] (v.) 刺穿

<sup>13.</sup>**grow** [grou] (v.) 變得;增加

<sup>14.</sup> penalty [`penəlti] (n.) 罰責

<sup>15.</sup> **death** [deθ] (n.) 死刑

<sup>16.</sup>get out of 離開……

<sup>17.</sup> wrongly [`rɑ:ŋli] (adv.)

Chapter One



### Check Up

#### **True or False**

- a Rob was shot in the back.
- ▶ The old woman welcomed Rob.

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#### One Point Lesson

• The head forester fell forward, dead as he hit the ground.

林務官向前跌,墜落地上死去了。

**as:** 當······時;如同······

🥶 Just do as I say. 照我說的做。

# Comprehension Quiz | Chapter One

Choose the word from the list that best match the definition.

> blowing through skilled with arrested for came across guarded by

1	The forests were	the King's foresters.
2	Men could be	shooting the King's deer.
3	Rob a group Nottingham.	of foresters on his way to
4	"An evil wind is	Sherwood," said the old lady
5	Men who were	a bow were hiding in

B True or False.

Sherwood.

- The Sheriff of Nottingham was an enemy of Rob's father.
- The new head forester was kind to Rob.
- The new head forester wanted to arrest Rob for killing a deer.
- Rob planned to become the leader of the outlaws in Sherwood.

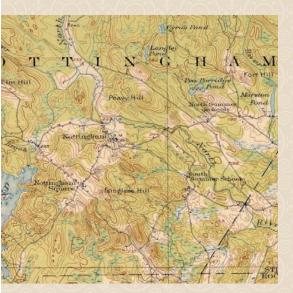
choose the correct answer.
<ul> <li>Rob's father, Hugh,</li> <li>(a) was a bad man who cheated and lied</li> <li>(b) was cheated out of his position as head forester</li> <li>(c) became an outlaw after he shot a deer</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Rob's mother</li> <li>(a) died in prison</li> <li>(b) went away to work at the King's court</li> <li>(c) died of shock when they lost their home</li> </ul>
Rearrange the following sentences in chronological order.
1 Rob killed the man who took his father's job.
2 Rob decided to enter the archery contest at the Nottingham Fair.
3 Rob met the widow's sons.
4 Rob went to live with his uncle, Sir Gamwell.
5 Rob had a happy life under the trees of Sherwood.
□ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □

# Understanding the Story



# Man or Myth<sup>1</sup>?

Was Robin Hood a real man, or did he only exist<sup>2</sup> in old English legends<sup>3</sup>? Fans<sup>4</sup> of the legend offer<sup>5</sup> a wide variety<sup>6</sup> of Robert's and Robin's from the early 13th to the 14th centuries<sup>7</sup> as the one true man behind the legend. One of the earliest is the Robert Hod that



appears<sup>8</sup> in court<sup>9</sup> records<sup>10</sup> for 1226.
Another possible Robin Hood is the William Robehod of 1262, whose name, royal records show, was changed to William Robinhood. Then there's the 1316 record of a marriage<sup>11</sup> between a Matilda Hood and Robin Hood mentioned<sup>12</sup> in the Wakefield Court Rolls. Unfortunately, these records usually only offer a name and

- 1. **myth** [mɪθ] (n.) 虚構的人事物;神話
- 2. exist [ɪg`zɪst] (v.) 存在
- 3. legend ['ledgənd] (n.) 傳說
- 4. fan [fæn] (n.) 愛好者
- 5. **offer** [`a:fər] (v.) 提供
- 6. variety [və`raɪəti] (n.) 各式各樣
- 7. century [`sent∫əri] (n.) 世紀

- 8. appear [ə`pɪr] (v.) 出現
- 9. court [ko:rt] (n.) 法庭
- 10. record ['rekərd] (n.) 紀錄;記載
- 11. marriage [`mærɪdʒ] (n.) 婚姻
- 12. mention [`men∫ən] (v.) 提及
- 13. support [sə`pɔ:rt] (v.) 支持
- 14. **reference** [`refərəns] (n.) 言論提及

little else that supports 13 the idea that these men were outlaws in Sherwood forest.

The first reference 14 to Robin Hood as an outlaw by name is found in the book "The Vision 15 of Piers Plowman," written by William Langland in 1377. At this time, the peasants 16 were growing more and more dissatisfied 17 with the ruling 18 nobility 19. This discontent 20 exploded 21 in the Peasant's Revolt<sup>22</sup> of 1381. It is very likely<sup>23</sup> that the legend of Robin Hood was created to give the peasants a hero. In the end, since most events in the various Robin Hood stories are folklore<sup>24</sup>, arguments<sup>25</sup> over the "real" or "true" Robin Hood are unlikely to reach any conclusion<sup>26</sup>. Even if a historical Robin Hood or a similar person did indeed<sup>27</sup> exist, finding actual evidence<sup>28</sup> about his life is highly unlikely.

<sup>15.</sup> vision [`vɪʒən] (n.) 視覺;洞察力

<sup>16.</sup> peasant ['pezənt] (n.) 農夫

<sup>17.</sup> **dissatisfied** [dɪˈsætɪsfaɪd] (a.) 不滿意的

<sup>18.</sup> ruling [`ru:lɪŋ] (a.) 掌權的

<sup>19.</sup> nobility [nou`bɪlɪti] (n.) 貴族

<sup>20.</sup> **discontent** [ˌdɪskən`tent] (n.) 不滿

<sup>21.</sup> **explode** [ɪk`sploud] (v.) (情感) 爆發;使……爆炸

<sup>22.</sup> revolt [rɪ'voult] (n.) 抗爭;起義

<sup>23.</sup> likely [`laɪkli] (a.) 可能的

<sup>24.</sup> folklore ['fouklo:r] (n.) 民間傳說

<sup>25.</sup> argument [`a:rgjəmənt] (n.) 爭議

<sup>26.</sup> conclusion [kən klu:ʒən] (n.) 結論

<sup>27.</sup> indeed [ɪn`di:d] (adv.) 確實地

<sup>28.</sup> evidence ['evidəns] (n.) 證據